

MIDDLETON DAILY ARGUS.

VOL. XIX. No. 5,557.

MIDDLETON, N. Y., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1894.

30 CENTS PER MONTH.

PRICE 2 CENTS

HONORS TO STRAUSS.

Showering Gifts Upon the Great Viennese Musician.

THE WALTZ KING DEEPLY MOVED.

Messages of cheer from all parts of the world and from all classes and conditions in life—all Vienna joins in the rejoicing.

VIENNA, Oct. 16.—The Johann Strauss jubilee celebrations were continued yesterday with increased enthusiasm, it being the fiftieth anniversary of the day when "the waltz king" commenced his musical career in earnest by conducting, for the first time, the orchestra at Domayer's garten, Hierzinger, then a fashionable resort.

During the morning there was a brilliant reception, at which numerous delegations and hosts of individual admirers of the great composer were present. Previous to the reception Strauss was serenaded by the pupils of the conservatory of music.

Among those who paid homage to "the waltz king" were the intendant of the imperial theaters, Baron von Bezeney, the presidents of all the musical societies of the principal towns of Australia, the managers of all the Viennese theaters and the presidents of many literary and artistic associations.

Mr. Rudolph Aronson, of New York, congratulated Strauss upon behalf of his American admirers and presented the composer with the beautiful silver wreath subscribed for by the great musician's friends in the United States. Mr. Aronson, in making the presentation, referred to the brilliancy of the composer's music, and the high manner in which it was appreciated by the public.

In reply Strauss touchingly referred to his father and to the great benefit he had derived from his parent's teaching.

The reception and presentations yesterday took place in Herr Strauss' house in Spitzhause in the Wieden. As the guests entered all the tables, sideboards and other pieces of furniture were covered with costly presents from all quarters of the globe. Herr Strauss and his wife and his brother Eduard graced the distinguished company with the greatest cordiality. Among those attending the reception were Herr Johannes Brahms, the composer; Baron Bezeney; Hofstath von Dözi; Hofstath Hanstich; Professor Helmholz; and Professor Brüderer, and Mr. Rudolph Aronson, of New York.

The actual ceremony of the celebration began with a serenade composed by Robert Fuchs, sung by students, who were accompanied by the Conservatorium orchestra. Then followed the presentation of a little silver table of choice design, ornamented with gold. After this a gold medal from the name of the celebration committee was presented to Herr Strauss.

Baron Eduard made a speech in which he said: "Though Strauss may belong to the whole world he belongs to us before all. We Vienna so well not allow our Strauss to be taken from us. May he live long and yet make mankind crazed with his paradise melodies." The speaker was frequently interrupted by applause.

When Bürgermeister Gundi arrived from the cathedral the crowd was so dense that he found it difficult to reach a position beside the waltz king. After he had reached Herr Strauss the burgomaster said:

"I am instructed by the town council to greet you in the name of your Vaterstadt, to whose illustrious sons you belong. All Vienna joins in these celebrations. All Viennese, without exception, are delighted that you are able thus to participate. May you be spared long to be the joy and pride of your Vaterstadt."

Two other addresses were made by the spokesmen of a deputation of the Vienna press and a deputation of the Vienna Männergesang Vereins.

Then Herr Strauss, his voice displaying intense emotion, said: "I am not a speaker. For all these splendid presentations I must thank my predecessors, my father and mother. They showed me in what way progress was possible through the development of the form that is my single inseparable merit. My efforts have been feeble attempts to improve the gifts which I inherited. I have been extra fortunate, but I feel that I have been too greatly honored. (Cries of 'No, no.') Indeed, you give me over much honor."

Herr Strauss hesitated at this point, placed his hand upon his forehead and muttered: "It is all very well," and then sat down.

Among the congratulatory messages that were received from all quarters of the world and from all sorts of people was one from the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, and another from Count Edward Taaffe, formerly Austrian prime minister.

The festival was officially closed with a banquet, which was attended by the burgomaster, all the world of music and letters and a number of foreigners.

Herr Strauss has been recommended to the emperor for the great medal of arts and science, of which less than a dozen have yet been conferred.

Rebecca Wilkinson, of Brownsville, Ind., says: "I have been in a distressed condition for three years from nervousness, weakness of the stomach, dyspepsia and indigestion until my health was gone. I had been doctoring constantly with no relief. I bought one bottle of South American Nervine, which did me more good than any \$50 worth of doctoring I ever did in my life. I would advise every weakly person to use this valuable and lovely medicine; a few bottles of it have cured me completely. I consider it the grandest medicine in the world." Warranted the most wonderful stomach and nerve cure ever known. Sold by J. E. Mills, Middletown, N. Y.

Ready mixed paint—best quality—1.25 per gallon. McMonagle & Rogers, druggists.

ROBINSON'S CONFESSION.

The Burglar Admits His Share in the Killing of Gibbs.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 16.—Clarence Robinson, who is under arrest here, together with his wife, for the murder of Attorney Gibbs on the streets of Buffalo last April, made a complete confession yesterday. He said that he attacked the attorney, and that while the two were fighting Mrs. Robinson, who was dressed in male attire, fired the shot which killed Gibbs.

"When we arrived in Buffalo last spring," Robinson said, "we were in want. When we started that night Sadie wore men's clothes, and we carried a thirty-two caliber revolver. We walked along Delaware avenue. Gibbs approached us and I said to Sadie: 'Here comes a swell guy.'

"He looks too big for us," she said.

"With that he had almost reached us, and leveling my revolver at him I ordered him to throw up his hands. Instead of doing so, he struck me with a cane or umbrella. Then he grabbed by right wrist, and we had a fight for the revolver. When he had hold of my wrist, the revolver was fired, but the bullet went into the air. A moment later, there was another shot, and the bullet entered Gibbs' left arm. He fell towards me and we clinched. Then it was that Sadie pulled her revolver and shot him in the head."

"He dropped and we started to rob him. When we saw somebody coming we skipped out, climbing over the hedge fence and running between two houses. We separated and met on a back street, then we walked around the block and back past the place of the murder, but on the opposite side of the street. They were loading him into a wagon as we went past."

At the conclusion of his statement Robinson broke down and wept bitterly. In her statement to the Buffalo police Mrs. Robinson said that Robinson had fired three shots and that she did not use her revolver.

Turnkey Abrams has the statement of the two prisoners, however, to whom Mrs. Robinson admitted that she fired the shot which killed Gibbs.

Ameer of Afghanistan Reported Dying.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—A Times dispatch from Simla says that the news of the impending death of the Ameer of Afghanistan is a great surprise. He is known to have Bright's disease of the kidneys, but it was not thought that he was seriously affected. For the present the Europeans should be assured protection by the ameer's eldest son, Sardar Habibullah Khan, who, presumably, will assume the direction of affairs. The policy of the Indian government will have to be declared promptly, it is added, and it is believed that Habibullah, if assured of British support, will be able to hold his own.

Great Britain's Recent Cabinet Meeting.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The Times this morning says editorially: "By degrees the world learned the true significance of the cabinet meeting hastily summoned recently. It does not appear that the government found a single power willing to co-operate in an attempt to mediate to stop the war between China and Japan. The government incurred a needless humiliating defeat, which cannot but impair Great Britain's capacity to intervene with effect should a fitting occasion arise. Possibly the rumors of overtures for peace are based on some sounding of the Chinese government by the British government."

Rebellions Kader Still Belligerent.

LORENZO MATEOZ, Oct. 16.—The rebels are again attacking the town. The government has appealed to the south African republic (the Transvaal) for assistance to quell the rebellion. The governor has issued a proclamation stating that the authorities cannot be responsible for the safety of the inhabitants unless they remain in the market square. Traders from Maputaland state that the Maputans are joining the rebels. The powerful Chief Gunungnana is reported to be marching on Inhambane, a Portuguese town of about 6,500 inhabitants, lying 200 miles northeast of Beira.

No Clew to the California Robbers.

SACRAMENTO, Calif., Oct. 16.—A large force of detectives are still hunting for the men who robbed the outbound train of over \$50,000 near this city last Thursday night, but they have not yet discovered a clew which will lead to the identity of the men. The detectives have ascertained that the robbers ran the locomotive up to Sixth street in the town of Washington, unloaded their bags of gold at that point, and then turned the engine loose and allowed it to run back to the train.

A Pensioner Murdered and Robbed.

ALTON, Ills., Oct. 15.—On Saturday Harrison Harris, a pensioner who had just drawn his pension for the last three months, besides his week's pay as a well digger, proceeded to enjoy himself in the saloon section. He was found yesterday lying dead in the rear of a saloon in the east part of the city. A post mortem examination showed that Harris had been sandbagged. All his money and his watch were missing.

Train Wrecking Strikers Sentenced.

OGDEN, Utah, Oct. 15.—In the district court the jury found De Camp, McConnell and King guilty of attempted train wrecking during the American Railroad union strike. After a lecture by the judge they were sentenced to imprisonment as follows: King, four years; De Camp and McConnell, twelve years each in the penitentiary.

A Horrible Railroad Accident.

Since 1861 I have been a great sufferer from cataract. I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I had long suffered are gone. —W. J. Hitchcock, late Major U. S. Vol. and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

Ely's Cream Balm has completely cured me of cataract when everything else failed. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results. —Alfred W. Stevens, Caldwell, Ohio. Price of Cream Balm is 50 cents.

Ready mixed paint—best quality—\$1.25 per gallon. McMonagle & Rogers, druggists.

THE AQUIA CREEK ROBBERY.

The Loss by the Theft Will Not Exceed \$25,000.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—President L. C. Weir, of the Adams Express company, said last night he believed that the loss from the Aquia Creek train robbery would not exceed \$25,000, and that the sum would probably be less, as part of that sum doubtless was in drafts and bonds not negotiable.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The Adams Express company officials say they have everything well in hand for the capture of the Aquia Creek train robbers. "They cannot get away from us," said Mr. J. C. Hering today. "We have the best detectives to be had, and enough of them to watch every point. It makes little difference where they go, they will have a reception when they will have a reception. They will be hunted down."

The express officials are working with the heads of police departments in every section of the country where the train robbers are liable to appear. Mr. Hering when asked about the failure of the express company to offer rewards for the arrest of the robbers, replied that he did not think a reward would secure their arrest.

Maryland's Oyster Season Opened.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 16.—The season for dredging and scraping for oysters in Maryland waters opened yesterday. The prospects are that a large volume of business will be transacted. More vessels are engaged in the oyster business this season than for several years, and the failure of the fruit crop is expected to create a good demand for oysters. The entire fleet engaged in dredging will number 1,500 vessels. Each vessel will employ on an average of eight men, and 12,000 men will be employed in the business until April. This number does not include the tongers, and in the counties 7,000 men are engaged in tonging. A careful estimate recently made by a prominent packer places the number of persons interested in the oyster industry at 20,000.

Incipient Riot in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—A small sized riot occurred in Delancy street yesterday. The riot was caused by the cloakmakers' trouble still unsettled. The wife of Morris Cohen, a non-union contractor, who conducts a non-union boarding house, was attacked by several of the strikers, and Cohen fired several shots into the crowd. Policeman Heaphy had finished his day's work and was returned to his home when he discovered the trouble. Forgetting that he did not have on his uniform, he attempted to arrest the participants. The members of the mob thought he was a non-union man, and the officer was roughly handled by his shoulder being dislodged. It was necessary to call out the police to serve to settle the trouble.

The Engineer Not Responsible.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 16.—Later developments in the train wreck at the crossing of the Louisville and Nashville and the New Orleans and Northwestern road show that Engineer Simpson was not responsible. The engine was in bad condition. The engineer had objected to taking it out in the morning, as he could not control it, but the yardmaster had insisted upon it. When they approached the excursion train the engineer found to his horror that he had lost all control of the engine, and that it would not respond to his efforts to stop.

Mr. Buijir then resumed his protest against any action by the court, saying that the plan would leave the company insolvent and in the hands of receivers, with no way of being taken out of their hands, and the obligations would increase instead of diminish.

Lawyer Leo Passos characterized the plan as extravagant and extravagant, and believed that it was not a court in the country that would approve it. The purpose of the application, he continued, is to get the court's seal of approval upon it and then it is a bludgeon with which to beat non-union bondholders into subjection. Without a bond in its possession this committee comes into court and asks to have this gigantic scheme of speculation approved, so as to force it down the throats of the minority bondholders. He believed that if the \$9,000,000 worth of bonds were advertised for sale they would be taken up at par, and instead of 97½ per cent, as proposed by the committee, there would be a saving to the holders of Reading bonds of about \$250,000.

Mr. Dickson defended the action of the receivers and detailed the advantages to be gained by the approval of the plan. Never in the history of the company, he said, had there been an opportunity to borrow money so advantageously. In answer to the opponents of the scheme he said that if any one would show a legitimate business transaction whereby the Reading could be benefited the receivers would gladly listen to the proposition.

After Mr. Dickson had finished Mr. Leo Passos and Receiver J. Lowber Welsh had a little tilt. Mr. Leo Passos thought that the receivers should take no part in the reorganization, and said to Mr. Welsh: "You have been in two Reading reorganization schemes. The first failed, the second failed and the third will fail." Mr. Welsh said he did not approve of "sticking the knife into me," but that when his adversary was ready to stick it he would be ready to receive it.

Mr. Dickson's argument closed the case for the present. Master Crawford was unable to say when his report will be filed.

Judge Dallas stated that while the report will be filed in the circuit court, it will be considered out of court.

Dr. Hand's Diarrhea Mixture.

"My baby is subject to severe attacks of diarrhoea. During the last sickness, Dr. Hand's Diarrhea Mixture was freely given and an immediate cure resulted. It would have required a dozen visits of a physician as on former occasions. I believe Dr. Hand's Remedies would have saved the life of the child I lost, had they been within my reach at the time of its sickness." Mrs. F. H. Bennett, 722 New street, Camden, N. J. Sold at all drug stores, 25 cents.

A Horrible Railroad Accident.

Is a daily chronicle in our papers; also the death of some dear friend, who had died with Consumption, whereas, if he or she had taken Otto's Cure for Throat and Lung diseases in time, life would have been rendered happier and perhaps saved. Heed the warning! If you have a cough or any affection of the Throat and Lungs call at John J. Chambers, 21 West Main Street opp. Runyon's Grocery, sole agent and get a trial bottle free. Large size 50c and 25c.

Ready mixed paint—best quality—\$1.25 per gallon. McMonagle & Rogers, druggists.

READINGS NEW PLAN.

Application to Approve the Reorganization Scheme.

BONDHOLDERS' COUNSEL OBJECT.

The Matter Referred to Master Crawford, Who After a Hearing Takes the Matter Under Advisement, and Will File a Report in the Circuit Court.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 16.—Before an array of legal and financial men of this city and New York the Olcott-Earle plan of reorganization for the Reading Railroad company was called to the attention of Judge Dallas in the United States circuit court. The matter assumed the shape of a petition filed by the receivers, asking permission to file the receivers in the provisions of the plan and to pay out the 2½ per cent commissions to the syndicates formed to put the rehabilitation scheme in action.

Samuel Dickson appeared for the receivers, John G. Johnson and Mayer Sulzberger for the reorganization committee, John R. Dos Passos, of New York, and Charles B. McMichael, of this city, for the Fitzgerald committee of general bondholders, and Nathan Buijir, of New York, for Isaac L. Rice and the Hartshorn committee.

Mr. Dickson opened the proceedings by explaining the purpose and scope of the plan, and urging the necessity of early action to re-establish the company on a solvent basis.

Mr. Buijir's immediate reply began hostilities. He made a vigorous onslaught on the plan and its promoters, urged that the court had no jurisdiction, and declared that until the syndicate had provided for the extinguishment of the company's debt it could not ask the court to take the road out of the receivers' hands.

Before the argument proceeded further Judge Dallas told counsel that this being the regular day for the opening of the jury trial term the petition would be referred to George L. Crawford, the special master, who would be directed to make a speedy report.

A few moments later the hearing was resumed. Judge Dallas told counsel that this being the regular day for the opening of the jury trial term the petition would be referred to George L. Crawford, the special master, who would be directed to make a speedy report.

Francis L. Tiernan, following for the Lehigh Valley road, said that the company was not a party to the proceedings taken by the reorganization committee, but that it had no wish to interfere with the prayers of the petition and was willing to leave the formulation of the plan wholly to the committee.

Mr. Buijir then resumed his protest against any action by the court, saying that the plan would leave the company insolvent and in the hands of receivers, with no way of being taken out of their hands, and the obligations would increase instead of diminish.

Lawyer Leo Passos characterized the plan as extravagant and extravagant, and believed that it was not a court in the country that would approve it. The purpose of the application, he continued, is to get the court's seal of approval upon it and then it is a bludgeon with which to beat non-union bondholders into subjection.

Without a bond in its possession this committee comes into court and asks to have this gigantic scheme of speculation approved, so as to force it down the throats of the minority bondholders. He believed that if the \$9,000,000 worth of bonds were advertised for sale they would be taken up at par, and instead of 97½ per cent, as proposed by the committee, there would be a saving to the holders of Reading bonds of about \$250,000.

Mr. Dickson defended the action of the receivers and detailed the advantages to be gained by the approval of the plan. Never in the history of the company, he said, had there been an opportunity to borrow money so advantageously. In answer to the opponents of the scheme he said that if any one would show a legitimate business transaction whereby the Reading could be benefited the receivers would gladly listen to the proposition.

After Mr. Dickson had finished Mr. Leo Passos and Receiver J. Lowber Welsh had a little tilt. Mr. Leo Passos thought that the receivers should take no part in the reorganization, and said to Mr. Welsh: "You have been in two Reading reorganization schemes. The first failed, the second failed and the third will fail." Mr. Welsh

IN paint the best is the cheapest. Don't be misled by trying what is said to be "just as good," but when you paint insist upon having a genuine brand of

Strictly Pure

White Lead

It costs no more per gallon than cheap paints, and lasts many times as long.

Look out for the brands of White Lead offered you; any of the following are sure:

"**Atlantic**," "Jewett," "Brooklyn."

For Colors—National Lead Co., Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.

These colors are sold in one-pound cans, each being sufficient to paint a square foot. Pure White Lead is the desired shade; there are no so-called mixed paints, but a color man of perfectly pure colors in the hundred kinds of **Strictly Pure White Lead**.

A good many house-painters have been saving property owners by having our book on painting sent to them. Send us a postal card and get this free.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., New York.

Hungry Leather.

The natural food of leather is oil. Hard and stiff leather is soft in a minute with

Vacuum Leather Oil.

It is worth a fair trial—and your money back. You want it—a swab with each can.

For pamphlet, free, "How to Take Care of Leather," send to

VACUUM OIL CO., Rochester, N. Y.

Best Butter 28c.

per pound, good 24c, 26 and 30 pound packages, 22c to 25c each. Fine large new Mackarel, 9c each. 10 pounds, 10 pounds at 20c per pound; new White Cob, Honey 10c, per pound; 4 Crown Muscatine Raisins 2c per pound, four pounds 25c; best Orange Raisins 2c; 10 pounds 25c; best Currants 2c; 10 pounds 25c; Marrow Squa-h-Chips, Puopkin and Citron 2c per pound; best Maccheling Java Coffee 2c; best Maracaibo 32c.

W. H. FOSTER,
No. 30 WEST MAIN STREET.

MY DAILY SALES,
which are increasing rapidly and steadily, show that my customers are pleased with the values they get at

The South Side Store.

A good line of Hosiery and Notions.

J. E. CAMPBELL.

MOXON'S LINIMENT

is used and recommended by the leading horsemen and trainers of the country. I have just received a fresh supply. Ask for a sample.

F. M. PRONK.

FOR SATURDAY.

Hecker's Prepared Buckwheat, Splendid California Tokay Grapes, Concord and Delaware Grapes, Bartlett Pears, Extra Nice Cauliflower, Sweet Apples, Fall Pippin Apples, Beets, Carrots, Egg Plants, Choice Celery and Lettuce, the New Cereal Golden Grain, etc., etc.

City Grocery

OF

BULL & YOUNGBLOOD

37 North Street,

TELEPHONE CALL No. 55

TO THE PUBLIC.

Don't Delay.

This is the last opportunity you will have to get Daisy Roller Mill and Vienna Best Patent Flour at

\$4.00 in 50 lb., \$3.80 in Half Bbl. Sacks

als. a large quantity of

NEWBURGH SUGAR CURED HAMS at 14c.

Sales at these prices will end Saturday night, when we will return to our old quarters, 72 North Street, Monday Sept. 3d. Terms each.

RITTER & BYEA,
NORTH 51st ST., CORNER DEPOT ST.

SOMETHING IN HIS NECK.

It was Two Inches of Steel From a Circular Saw, and He Didn't Know It. On Monday, Aug. 27 last, one of the inserted tooth edger saws at the D. R. Wingate Lumber company's mill got into a bad way, and during the early morning of that day cast several of the half circle springs that hold the teeth in. The men about the edger were on the watch and kept to one side. William Litchfield, head edger at that machine, had just walked up, and while talking of the ugly behavior of that particular saw was knocked down by a flick on his throat just under the angle of the right jawbone, beneath his ear. The gash was not more than half an inch in circumference. The wound bled freely for a few minutes, but by the time he walked 400 yards to the drug store it had ceased to bleed. The cut was a smooth one, and as there was not the least sign of the presence of any foreign substance beneath the skin the patient was dismissed with a simple lotion with which to bathe the wound occasionally.

A few days ago a lump appeared on the skin two inches below the point first injured, and the attending physician lanced it. This seemed to relieve him, but last Saturday he began to realize that there was a hard substance just under the skin immediately over his windpipe, and today he came to Drs. Hedra and Hewson and told them there was something in his neck. They made an incision and found a piece of metal, but being uncertain as to its shape they stopped to ask the patient to describe it. Litchfield told the doctors he could not give them an accurate description, but to just stop the bleeding a minute, and he would go to the mill and get one for them. This was done, and he marched off to the mill, nearly a quarter of a mile, and returned in 20 minutes with a half circle of steel half an inch wide and two inches from point to point, three-sixteenths of an inch in thickness and weighing fully an ounce. The doctors began feeling for the lost spring and finally mapped it out, cut in and brought forth a duplicate to the piece that Litchfield held in his hand.

As soon as the operation was performed and the incision dressed the patient went home and got his dinner, but he was in town this afternoon, looking better and more cheerful than he had at any time since the piece of steel forced its way into his neck.—Orange (Tex.) Cor. Galveston News.

THE DOCTORS PUZZLED.

A New and Troublesome Disease Has Made Its Appearance in London.

The medical profession in London is again puzzled by the peculiar new disease which has broken out at intervals during several months past, principally among the inmates of the London workhouses. For want of a better name they call it *Jernauitis exfoliativa*. The mortality, at first more than 50 per cent, is now comparatively low.

The first symptoms are inflammation of the skin, great irritation following this. The skin peels off in large patches. In some cases there are hemorrhages under the skin. In others large blisters are formed. The origin of the disease is a mystery. The patient usually becomes extremely weak and emaciated. The duration of the illness is variable. It frequently continues several weeks.

The best authorities think it is contagious, but up to the present, in spite of the fact that the bacillus has been differentiated and microscopically examined, so little is known of the nature of the disorder that the medical profession confuses themselves completely puzzled. The disease is distinctly a new one.

How Emin Pasha Was Murdered.

Dorsey Mohun, the American consular agent, recently arrived in London from the Congo, tells the story of the murder of Emin Pasha as learned by him in an interview with one of the murderers before the latter's execution. Emin had addressed a request to Kibonga, the sultan of Kirundi, for permission to pass through his territory. The request was granted, but the sultan sent secret orders to Said one of his vassals, to assassinate the explorer. Said's emissaries found Emin in his tent and notified him that they had orders to kill him. He warned them that his death would be terribly avenged by his white brothers. Heedless of his protestations, the four murder, laid violent hands upon him. One laid his head, another his arms, a third his feet, while the fourth dealt the mortal blow. Emin's men, dispersed in the surrounding fields, were unaware of the murder.

Two Little Moons of Mars.

The two moons of Mars, Deimos and Phobos, were observed at the observatory at Flagstaff on Sept. 10. Deimos, the outer one, is the smaller, being, it is estimated, about six miles in diameter, while its companion is slightly larger, some seven miles in diameter, the entire surface of either of them being not more than the area of some great farms in the far west.

The possibility of seeing such small objects so great a distance is a triumph of modern optics, they being observed at a distance of more than 40,000,000 miles. A home comparison would be the seeing of a two inch ball at a distance equal to that between Boston and New York.—Boston Transcript.

Solemn and Insurance.

For some time past there has been considerable discussion among the officers of European insurance companies respecting the marked increase in suicides, and the question has been raised whether the elimination from insurance policies of the clause dealing with that subject has not tended to encourage self destruction. The leading insurance journal has in collecting the opinions of the principal concerns. They are unanimous that the idea of benefiting their heirs never enters the minds of those who take a *suicid* and unnatural road to the undiscovered country.



What to do with Milk Pails!

Clean them with Pearline. You can't get them so thoroughly sweet and pure in any other way. Besides, it's easier for you—quicker, more economical.

"The box and barrel are not hard to keep clean. A little *pearline* will do it. Pearline will clean any glass or metal with any bad odor."—*The Druggist*, Chicago.

Perhaps you think that some of the instructions of Pearline, that you will need to use in washing out your milk pails, don't work like this. They don't hurt tinware, certainly. But the *pearline* will clean it, either half as well as Pearline—

play with the fire. If your grocer sends you a

box of *pearline*, you will be

surprised at how well it

works. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your

pantry. It is a good idea to

keep a box of *pearline* in your



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers, and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50 cent bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

CHESTER.

Sent to the Penitentiary—Talk of a Farmers' Creamery—Building Contracts Awarded—A Burned Hand—Personal and Other Notes.

Correspondence ARGUS and MERCURY.

—T. T. Durland is laying a flag walk in front of his house on Main street.

—Fred Cuncklin has the contract to heat the house of Mrs. Woodhull, of Craigville, by steam.

—Don't forget the ladies' fair, Nov. 8th, at Bodie's Opera House.

—Mrs. Jane Coleman was before Police Justice Cuncklin, last Thursday, for disorderly conduct. She was sent to Albany for four months.

—Miss Lizzie May has returned from a visit to Ramsey.

—The frame for Harry Fredericks' new house is nearly up.

—The farmers had a meeting, on Thursday last, to consider a scheme for building a creamery.

—Olivette Bros. have 4,500 barrels of onions stored in their onion storage on Meadow avenue.

—W. H. Bennett has the contract to build H. V. Fredericks' new house, and T. A. Miller has the mason work.

—Mr. Bert Wilkin has returned from a visit to Staten Island.

—While trying an experiment in the laboratory at the Chester Academy, Friday afternoon, Wilbur Fredericks had his hand burned quite badly with phosphorous and is now going around with it in a sling.

—The wedding of Charles Duong and Miss Minnie Wilkin was attended by many from Chester.

—Warren Waldron has returned home after a week's visit with friends on Staten Island.

—The bids for John Henry's new house were opened at G. M. Roe's store, Saturday. They were as follows: Waldron & Halstead, \$1,375; W. H. Bennett, \$1,385; P. F. Miller, \$1,655. The contract was awarded to Waldron & Halstead. T. A. Miller will do the mason work.

—Remember no one can vote unless his name is on the registry list. Every Democrat who neglects to register contributes a vote to the Republican party.

—T. A. Miller is repairing the foundation under the Presbyterian Church.

—Clark & Co. have shipped two cars of apples to Newark at \$1.25 per barrel.

—J. D. Millspaugh is having his house repainted. George R. Conklin has the contract.

—Henry House has the contract to paint Harry Fredericks' new house on Maple avenue.

—The funeral of Dr. C. P. Smith, Sr., was held at the Presbyterian Church, Monday.

—Campbell & Holmes sold sixty-eight cows at their stock yard, last year.

—Chester Lodge, K. of P., No. 363, has bought a new fire proof safe or Hall & Co., New York.

STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Closing Quotations of the New York and Philadelphia Exchanges.

—New York, Oct. 15.—The question of gold shipments to Europe was a most interesting one to the speculators on the Stock Exchange, and important to the stock market a few days ago. Closing bid—Lehigh Valley, 37; W. N. Y. & P., 57; Penn. & W., 53; L. & W., 17; Reading, 15; P. & L. & W., 16; St. Paul, 16; N. Y. & W. Shore, 16; N. Y. & N. E., 16; Lake Erie & W., 18; New Jersey, 16; B. & H., 12; Erie & Hudson, 12; E. divid.

General Markets.

—PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—Flour weak, winter, \$2.00 per barrel; winter, extra, \$2.25; 24; No. 2 winter, family, \$2.40; 25; state roller straight, \$2.50; 24; western winter, clear, \$2.40; 24. Wheat dull, lower, with 59¢ bid and 57¢ asked for October. Corn quiet, easier, with 58¢ bid and 56¢ asked for October. Oats quiet, lower, with 33¢ bid and 33¢ asked for October. Beef quiet, family, \$1.07; extra, mess, \$82.60; beef ham, \$1.50; city extra, India mess, \$82.19. Pork steady; new mess, \$14.50; 25; extra prime family, \$15.50; short clear, \$15.50; Lard quiet, western steam, \$8; city, \$7.25; 27. Butter firm, western dairy, 12¢; 26¢; do, creamery, 15¢; 25¢; do, factor, 12¢; do; Elgin, 25¢; imitation creamery, 14¢; 26¢; New York dairy, 14¢; 26¢; do, creamery, 15¢; state creamery, prime, extra, 26¢; do, choice, 26¢; do, fair to good, 22¢; 24¢; prints jobbing, at 27¢; 29¢. Chees dull; New York large, 82¢; 10¢; small, 84¢; 10¢; part skins, 3¢; 2¢; full skins, 3¢; Eggs firm; New York and Pennsylvania, 10¢; 12¢; ice house, 16¢; 18¢.

Live Stock Markets.

—NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Beefs lower; prime, steer, good to prime, \$4.00; 5.40; medium to fair, \$4.20; 4.80; common and ordinary, \$5.00; 7.15; fair rangers, \$3.70; steers and oxen, \$2.65; 4.61; bulls, \$1.87.52; or dry cows, \$1.37.62. Calves higher; poor to prime veal, \$1.67.75; grassers, \$2.50; 2.75; western calves, \$3.30/4. Sheep firm; lambs higher; poor to fairly prime sheep, \$1.30/3.25; per 100 lbs; common to fairly prime sheep, \$1.37.50; 4.65; 4.72; lower; inferior to choice hogs, \$1.30/4.71.

—EAST LIBERTY, Pa., Oct. 15.—Cattle dull and lower; prime, \$5.50; 6.00; good, \$1.50/5.50; fair, light steers, \$1.10/1.90. Hogs heavy and lower; Philadelphia, \$5.50/6.00; best, Yorkers, \$3.35; 6.65; pigs, \$1.75; 1.80. Sheep dull and lower; extra, 2.00/3.10; good, 2.30/3.70; common, \$0.60/1.00.

COUPON.

"America's Greatest Men and Women."

Parts Nos. 1 to 16.

DAILY ARGUS.

Bring or forward this coupon, together with ten cents, to the Coupon Department of the Argus, and there will be delivered to you any one number of the series as above.

Where the Casino Chart Can be Found

The chart for the advance sale of tickets for the Casino Theatre will hereafter be found at H. S. Dusenberry & Son's jewelry store, 4 North street.

NEW HAMPTON.

A New Feed for Cows—A Big School—The Apple Crop.

Correspondence ARGUS and MERCURY.

—H. T. Stage unloaded last week a car of peanut meal. This is a new feed for cattle and it is claimed that cows will give more milk when fed on this feed than on any other.

—The Denton school has now an average attendance of thirty-six pupils. It seems like quite a burden for one teacher to take charge of them all.

—The men who have buying cider apples in this vicinity shipped five carloads. Their agents are now busy picking winter apples, as they have purchased in the town of Wawayanda 1,000 barrels of winter apples to be shipped to the western part of the State.

BLOOMINGBURGH.

Repairs at the Mill—Almost a Fire—Enlarging His House.

Correspondence ARGUS and MERCURY.

—C. W. Mance has rebuilt the foundation under the mill and has also put in several new posts where the old ones had rotted out. It was time to do it, as the mill was in danger of toppling over with the next high water.

—While Mr. and Mrs. Harding were away from home, a few days ago, the children got the wood box on fire, but Mr. Key, who happened to be passing, ran in time to prevent a serious conflagration.

—Mr. Tom Lyons, of High View, is building an addition to his house.

MOUNT SALEM.

A Minister Engaged—Improvements at the Church—Picking Winter Apples—The Nut Crop—A Handsome Monument.

Correspondence ARGUS and MERCURY.

—The Rev. Mr. Gilmore, of White Plains, N. J., has decided to stay with us for the winter at least. A subscription was raised in a short time, for everyone is well pleased with him and the congregation is very large. Mr. Gilmore will bring his family to Mount Salem as soon as the parsonage can be made ready to receive him.

—New steps and platform and other improvements have been made at the church, and it has been necessary to put up a good many new hitching posts so that all may be accommodated.

—The farmers are picking their winter apples, which prove to be a fair crop and of good quality.

—Mr. A. J. Ferguson and family, of New York city, have been spending a few days visiting his mother and brother, John Ferguson, near this place.

—Mr. Ed Uptegrove and his daughter, Millie, of Brooklyn, have been spending a few days at M. W. Elston's.

—The nutting season is at hand. Chestnuts are plentiful but hickory nuts are very scarce in this section.

—A very handsome monument has been erected to the memory of Mr. and Mrs. S. V. Myers in the Mount Salem Cemetery, by Koch, of Middletown.

—Some farmers were late in getting their fall sowing done on account of the drouth.

—Mr. Perry, on the Samuel Wickham farm, has his barns and other buildings completed, which add greatly to the looks of the place.

Ready mixed paint—best quality—\$1.25 per gallon. McMonagle & Rogers, druggists.

Thin Children Grow Fat

on Scott's Emulsion,

because

fat foods

make fat

children.

They are

thin, and remain thin just in

proportion to their inability to

assimilate food rich in fat.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil is especially

adaptable to those of weak diges-

tion—it is partly digested already.

Assimilating how quickly a thin

boy gains solid flesh by its use!

Almost as palatable as milk.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

BEST GRADES

OF

Flour, Grain Hay

AND Mill Feeds.

C. J. EVERSON

Successor to Geo. L. Everson,

Nos. 4 and 6 on King Street.

SIMMONS

REGULATOR

LIVER

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osgood,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. KINGFELD,
Conway, Ark.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria have won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

FOR 1894-4981-1894.

OUR LINE OF 1894

ANDES PARLOR STOVES AND RANGES

still continues to be the most beautiful, as well as the most durable Improved for this season with the Celebrated Dockash Grate. The best line of Oil Heaters in the city.

GEO. A. SWALM & SON, 18 North St.

SCHOOL SHOES!

that will stand hard service, and be nice and comfortable, can be found in great variety

AT

J. G. HARDING'S,
25 West Main street,
Middletown, N. Y.

COAL, COAL, COAL

BODINE & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Lehigh and All Kinds of Free Burning Coal.
Cumberland Coal for smelting purposes, Charcoal, etc.

OFFICE AND YARD, NO. 15 DEPOT STREET.
TELEPHONE CALL NO. 65.

S. H. BODINE. L. G. WILSON. J. D. WOOD

"A HAND SAW IS A GOOD THING, BUT NOT TO SHAVE WITH."

SAPOLIO

IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.

"THE BEST IS GOOD ENOUGH."

You get it in buying the

DOCKASH RANGE!

The Genuine and Only Dockash Range is manufactured by the Scranton Stove Works, Scranton, Pa., and sold by

BRINK & CLARK,

MIDDLETOWN

Beware of Imitations.

BUY AN ACCIDENT TICKET.

The Inter-State Casualty Co. of New York
saves the best. Covers general accidents everywhere. Pays \$3,000 for death or \$15 weekly for disabling injuries.

Capital and assets, \$225,000.

E. E. CONKLING, AGENT

THE FUTURE OF ELECTRICITY.

Possibilities of usurping the Offices of the Coal Furnace and Gas Stove.

The Baltimore Sun has been interviewing some of the leading authorities on electricity, with a view of eliciting their views as to the future probabilities and possibilities of the force, especially with reference to its economic and practical adaptation. Among the many interesting and valuable opinions, the following condensed predictions are given:

The editor of The Electrical World says: "Dynamics and motors now return 97 per cent in electricity. Electrically the arc lamp is practically perfect, whereas the incandescent admits of large improvement. Electric railway traction will undoubtedly supersede all other methods for urban use. Electrical transmission of power within a radius of several hundred miles of water power and in vicinity of coalfields, where the energy of coal will be distributed by means of the electric current, will probably entirely supersede steam. The electric light will supersede all other kinds of illumination in cities and large towns. Telephoning across the Atlantic is an early probability and seeing by electricity a possibility."

The editor of The Electrical Review says: "Electric heating is now an important element in replacing the disagreeable and dangerous car stove and is advancing into the domain of the coal furnace and gas stove, bringing cleanliness, convenience, economy. Every housewife will rise up and call him blessed, and every husband will bless him and not rise up."

The editor of Electric Power joins all of these and goes even further. "In 1900 we shall probably have brought down the cost of current and utensils in such a degree as to allow even people in moderate circumstances to use the clean current instead of the coal and gas conduit system. The disinfection of cities will probably be effected by the agency of electricity. Canalboats will be propelled by electricity."

THE BOOTS CAME HIGH.

But the Opera Bouffe Singer Exhibited Them Before the Court.

There is some talk now of the introduction into the burlesque shows of the year of the somewhat celebrated scene of Miss Madeline Shirley's trial before Judge Stiner, in which Lawyer Townsend and a number of other prominent legal lights figured. It was one of the most remarkable instances of court expense in New York, and it offers great opportunities for effective stage pictures. Miss Shirley, who is an opera bouffe singer and burlesque artist, was sued by a theatrical shoemaker for some high boots, slippers and other footgear which he had ordered when she was playing "Robinson Crusoe" in Philadelphia. She refused to pay the bill on the ground that the boots did not fit, and she put them on in court before Judge Stiner.

The judge is near-sighted and is a man of great sincerity and earnestness. The only question before him was whether the boots fitted or not, and as the burlesque actress pulled them on and thrust her foot out for the judge's opinion he hovered about her, felt of the toes of the boots, noted where they were too small or too large around the calf of the leg and entered into the spirit of the occasion with such earnestness that the entire courtroom was thrown into amazement. Miss Shirley capped the climax by pulling on a pair of tights in court, and rolling them down showed the judge and lawyers how she had to improvise a pair of "Robinson Crusoe" boots so as to be able to play her part successfully. As the judge knelt on the floor before the burlesque actress and critically examined the tights and the improvised boot, Mr. Townsend, who, by the way, was the attorney for the plaintiff, stood hugging himself with unconcealed delight.—New York Standard.

Teaching the Queen's English.

"Listener" writes under date Sept. 25:

"Sauntering down a Kentish lane a few days ago, I passed the open doors of a village school and stood still as I caught the sounds of infant voices singing in chorus these words, so suitable to the occasion:

"We carry the umbrella. We carry the umbrella."

"Then a pause. Then the mistress' voice: 'What shape is it? What shape is it? What shape is it?'

"Children (in chorus)—It's round.

"Mistress—What shape is it?

"Children—It's round.

"Mistress—Quicker—what shape is it?

"Children (at high speed)—It's round. It's round. It's round.

"Sir, I prophesy that in examination this school will 'take the calke.' —London Times.

Not in Heaven, but in Kansas.

A peculiar circumstance has come to light here with regard to Warren D. Jewell, a member of the Eighty-fourth regiment of Indiana volunteers. For several years the local G. A. R. post has decorated the memorial monument in the postroom for him as one of the unknown dead, Jewell not having been heard of since the war closed. At a recent reunion of the regiment, however, he showed up and said that he had been living in Kansas.—Richmond (Ind.) Dispatch.

Wonderful Marching.

Five battalions of the Tyrol rifle regiment, the Kaiserjager, lately performed a wonderful march from the Pusterthal to the valley of the lower Inn. They had to cross the Zillertal Alps by passes 8,300 feet above the sea. Rain fell in torrents all the day long, and on the mountain tops they met a blinding snow-storm. One battalion accomplished thefeat in 13 hours, while another had to pass 63 mountain torrents through water often waist deep.—Vienna Journal.

STATE OF NEW YORK.

Office of the Secretary of State.

ALBANY, AUGUST 4, 1894.

Pursuant to the provisions of section seven, chapter six hundred and eighty, Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-four, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to article six of the Constitution of the State of New York will be submitted to the people of the State for their adoption, for the purpose of which the son or the next general election is to be held on the sixth day of November, eighteen hundred and eighty-four.

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Proposing amendment to article six of the Constitution, relating to the election of County Judges and the County Court.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Whereas, At the last session of the Legislature, the following concurrent resolution was proposed:

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That article six of the Constitution of this State be amended by adding thereto the following section:

Two County Judges, instead of one, of whom one shall be chosen by the county judge in office at the adoption of this amendment, shall hold office until the expiration of the term for which the county judge in office at the adoption of this amendment, shall be elected at the general election held next after the adoption of this amendment, and his term of office shall begin on the first day of January thereafter. When the official term of the county judge in office at the adoption of this amendment, or any other term, expire, the county judge in office at the time of the expiration of the term of office of the county judge in office at the adoption of this amendment, shall be chosen at the preceding general election. Vacancies otherwise occurring shall be filled by the county judge in office at the time of the expiration of the term of office of the county judge in office at the adoption of this amendment.

And whereas, The said proposed amendment, as so enacted, is referred to each of the two houses of the Legislature, entered on the journals, with the year and name taken thereon, and referred to the Legislature to be chosen at the next general election for its adoption.

And whereas, Such election was taken, and the said proposed amendment was duly published for three months previous to the time of making such choice, in pursuance of the provisions of section thirteen of the Constitution, for the purpose of the same being presented to the Legislature, for the same to be chosen at the next general election.

And whereas, The said proposed amendment was adopted by a majority of all the members elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate.

WILLIAM F. SHEEHAN, President.

ALBANY, AUGUST 4, 1894.

This bill was read the third time and passed, a majority of all the members elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Senate.

GEORGE W. MALBY, Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK.

Office of the Secretary of State.

ALBANY, AUGUST 4, 1894.

This bill was read the third time and passed, a majority of all the members elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly.

JOHN PALMER, Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK.

Office of the Secretary of State.

ALBANY, AUGUST 4, 1894.

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution, proposing an amendment to article six of the Constitution, with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole.

Proposed amendment to article six of the Constitution, relating to county judges and court of sessions in the county of Kings.

JOHN PALMER, Secretary of State.

ALBANY, AUGUST 4, 1894.

This bill was read the third time and passed, a majority of all the members elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly.

JOHN PALMER, Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK.

Office of the Secretary of State.

ALBANY, AUGUST 4, 1894.

Pursuant to the provisions of section seven, chapter six hundred and eighty, Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-four, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to article six of the Constitution of the State of New York will be submitted to the people of the said State, for the purpose of voting thereon at the next general election in this State to be held on the sixth day of November, eighteen hundred and eighty-four:

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Proposing amendment to article six of the Constitution, relating to the election of additional justices of the Supreme Court.

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Whereas, At the last session of the Legislature, the following concurrent resolution was proposed:

Resolved (if the Senate concur), That article six of the Constitution of this State be amended by adding thereto the following section:

Two additional justices of the Supreme Court, instead of one, of whom one shall be chosen by the county judge in office at the adoption of this amendment, shall hold office until the expiration of the term for which the county judge in office at the adoption of this amendment, shall be elected at the general election held next after the adoption of this amendment.

And whereas, Such election was taken, and the said proposed amendment was duly published for three months previous to the time of making such choice, in pursuance of the provisions of section thirteen of the Constitution, for the same to be chosen at the next general election.

And whereas, Such election was taken, and the said proposed amendment was adopted by a majority of all the members elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly.

JOHN PALMER, Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK.

Office of the Secretary of State.

ALBANY, AUGUST 4, 1894.

I have compared the preceding copy of concurrent resolution, proposing an amendment to article six of the Constitution, with the original concurrent resolution on file in this office, and hereby certify that the same is a correct transcript therefrom, and of the whole.

Proposed amendment to article six of the Constitution, relating to the election of additional justices of the Supreme Court.

JOHN PALMER, Secretary of State.

ALBANY, AUGUST 4, 1894.

This bill was read the third time and passed, a majority of all the members elected voting in favor thereof, three-fifths being present.

By order of the Assembly.

JOHN PALMER, Speaker.

STATE OF NEW YORK.

Office of the Secretary of State.

ALBANY, AUGUST 4, 1894.

Pursuant to the provisions of section seven, chapter six hundred and eighty, Laws of eighteen hundred and ninety-four, notice is hereby given that the following proposed amendment to article six of the Constitution of the State of New York will be submitted to the people of the said State, for the purpose of voting thereon at the next general election.

BOARD OF EXCISE.

License Refused and a License Granted—Mrs. Sweeney-Dailey's Bad Record Did Not Count Against Her.

The Board of Excise held a special meeting, last night. A license was refused Will Conroy, who desired to open a saloon on Fulton street, near Oak street.

A license was granted Mrs. Anna Sweeney Dailey, recently of Port Jervis, for a saloon at 63 Fulton street, between South street and East avenue. Commissioners Scott and Tuthill voted in favor of granting the license and Commissioner Wilson against it.

Mrs. Anna Sweeney Dailey was formerly in the saloon business on Union street, this city. She kept a tough place. The police court records show that on March 27th, 1889, she was fined \$10 and sent to Goshen jail for thirty days for keeping a disorderly house. On Jan. 1st, 1890, she paid a fine of \$35 for selling liquor without a license. Shortly afterwards she removed to Port Jervis with her husband, "Patsy" Dailey. Their removal was virtually a banishment for the police were watching them so closely that there was no chance to do business here.

The record of "Patsy" Dailey, husband of Mrs. Anna Sweeney Dailey, is:

Sept. 4, '88—Intoxication, \$10 or ten days. Fine paid.

Oct. 1, '88—Assault in third degree. Settled out of court.

Sept. 21, '89—Assault in third degree. Convict sent withdrawn.

Aug. 23, '90—Assault, six months in Albany penitentiary. Released before expiration of sentence.

Oct. 23, '90—Keeping disorderly house, eight months in Albany penitentiary.

Aug. 19, '91—Assault. Complaint withdrawn.

Oct. 10, '91—Assault, \$25 fine or twenty-five days. Fine paid.

Within the past six months Mrs. Anna Sweeney Dailey has made several applications to the Excise Board for a license, but the Board was reluctant to act. Last night, however, Commissioners Scott and Tuthill seemed to have been so convinced of the necessity of another drinking place on a short Fulton street block, with three licensed saloons on one side of the street and two on the other, that they make up their minds to overlook the bad records of the applicant and her husband, and grant the license.

POSTERS AND MORALITY.

The Women's War Upon Immodest Pictures of Theatrical Beauties.

We stand with the Woman's Christian Temperance Union in its war upon those unsightly posters bearing indecent pictures of actors or actresses which are to be seen at times in some of the streets of Brooklyn or even of New York. The members of the Brooklyn branch of the union who began the war there last week are enlisted in a proper cause. Some of the posters against which they have turned their arms are very offensive.

We object to these posters because of their immodesty. Some of them are markedly bad, but it is not merely because people of both sexes are pictured in tight places we object to them, for there need not be any impropriety in appearing upon the stage in decent robes or in giving pictures of those who thus appear. It is because of their essential vulgarity.

We object to the public display of the vicious pictures because it is repulsive to pure-minded women, young and old, wedded and unwedded, as well as to their fathers and brothers. There is proof of this in the protests that are made against them.

We object to it because it is unlawful under the statute of the state of New York. The law in the case ought to be and can very easily be enforced without the least infringement of the rights of anybody.

We object to the bad posters for artistic reasons. The colored pictures which they bear are nearly always unattractive, and the persons represented in them often look like slotholes, though in tight places.

Miss Kate Tuthill has just returned from a two weeks' visit in New York city.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Shover have returned from visiting friends in Sullivan county.

Mr. Albert VanFleet has broken ground for another new house, on Prospect street, to be completed, this fall.

Mr. Wilbur VanFleet has the foundation nearly completed for a new house on Second avenue.

Mr. George Decker will soon commence his new house on Second avenue.

George Timbrell will soon have his new house on Orchard street, enclosed.

The Unionville Water Works Co. has its mains laid through Orchard street and Maple avenue and is now at work on Main street. Nearly every house takes the water, so far.

Peter A. VanSickle has his candy and cigar store on Main street, completed and expects to open, this week.

Mrs. Yerks and sister are visiting relatives in Plainfield, N. J.

LIFE'S BIBLE CLASS.

It Has Become One of the Religious Institutions of Omaha.

Speaking of churches reminds me that Elijah Halford's Bible class has become one of the great institutions of the town. When he lived in Indianapolis and edited The Journal for the Hon. John C. New, Lije had a Bible class in the Methodist church that was almost as large as the average attendance at morning service. On rainy Sundays, or during the hot weather, when the brethren didn't feel well enough to go to church, they could always be depended upon to turn up after the benediction for Sunday school and listen to Lije Halford expound the Scriptures, as he could do better than any preacher or layman south of the Wabash river.

When he went to Washington, that Bible class disintegrated, and Lije didn't start one there because he was so burdened with the cares of state. But when he went to Omaha as a brand new major and paymaster in the army the first thing he did after getting measured for his uniform and unpacking his trunk was to organize a class in the First Methodist church that isn't equaled for numbers and general intelligence—except perhaps by the one Mr. Wanamaker conducts in Philadelphia—in the whole land. There are 235 members—all men—and some of the wisest and the most learned of the population answer "here" as Lije calls the roll every Sunday morning. No fatigue or business engagements, no storm or cold or heat, can keep them away, for when Lije Halford commences to expound Scripture it is worth going a long journey to hear him talk.—Omaha Crr. Chicago Record.

J. M. Barrie Going to Samoa.

The statement is repeated, and it seems likely to be true, that Mr. and Mrs. Barrie are contemplating a honeymoon jaunt to Samoa to visit Mr. R. L. Stevenson. The South sea exile's visitors have been many and varied, but Mr. Barrie would be the first brother novelist to make the journey.—Westminster Gazette.

UNIONVILLE.

Great Sale of Building Lots—Sermon to Men.

Correspondence ARGUS and MERCURY.

Engineers are now at work laying out and plotting a large number of building lots on the north extension of Pierson avenue, in the village of Unionville. It is proposed to extend this street north to the road leading to the Halstead residence and continuing the same to join the main road in front of the residence of Robt. McFiekle, Esq. It is also proposed to lay out a park which will join on this extension, which will prove a very attractive feature to this part of town. These lots are elevated and command an extensive view and will be very desirable for residences and will be offered at public sale on Saturday, Oct. 27th, at 1 o'clock p.m. Sale positive. These lots embrace lands owned by Mrs. Grinnell Burt and Miss Mary Gaul. The plotting is being done by Mr. Rider, of the Unionville Water Works.

—A sermon to men only will be delivered in the M. E. Church, next Sunday at 2:45 p.m.

Personal Notes—New Houses—The Water Works—Other Notes.

From Another Correspondent.

—Mr. J. H. Hanford, our village blacksmith, will spend next week visiting relatives in Hoboken, N. J.

—Miss Minna Fisher, our assistant school teacher, has been unable to outwear two pairs of store shoes at this price. 22 West Main street.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

Bids for the erection of a new barn, and also a new pump, on the grounds of the State Homeopathic Hospital, will be received at the Hospital up to noon on October 15th, 1894. Plans and specifications may be seen at the Hospital after October 1st, and should be addressed to "The Building Committee, State Homeopathic Hospital". W. H. CLARK, Chairman.

TESTIFYING FOR MUNYON

4 Prominent Business Men Tells He Was Cured.

Frank C. Hartwell, of the firm of Hartwell & Bainbridge, 301 River street, Albany, N. Y., says: "I have used Munyon's Rheumatism Remedy and was completely cured. I suffered from rheumatism very badly for years, and was cured in one week with this remedy. My general health has been improved and I feel like a new man altogether."

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure is guaranteed to cure rheumatism in any part of the body. Acute or muscular rheumatism can be cured in from one to five days. It speedily cures shooting pains, sciatica, lumbago and all rheumatic pains in the back, hips and loins. It seldom fails to give relief after one or two doses, and almost invariably cures before one bottle has been used.

Munyon's Homeopathic Home Remedy Company, of Philadelphia, put up specific for nearly every disease which are sold by all druggists mostly for 25 cents a bottle.

It May Do As Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to the cure of all Kidney and liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Prices only 50c. for large bottle at McMonagle & Rogers Drug store.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

Ready mixed paint—heat quality—\$1.25 per gallon. McMonagle & Rogers, druggists.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

Cleanses and Purifies the Blood.

Curative, Balsamic and Balsamic.

Useful in all diseases of the entire system.

Ready mixed paint—heat quality—\$1.25 per gallon. McMonagle & Rogers, druggists.



PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound

Is a positive cure for all those painful

Aliments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian Tumors, Inflammation and Ulceration, Tearing and Displacements, of the Uterus, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Lencorhrea than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it is in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feelings, instability, flatulence, melancholy, the blues, and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some arrangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health" by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it.

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of either sex the Vegetable Compound is unequalled.

Lyd E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lyd E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is unequalled. It is a positive cure for all those painful

Aliments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian Tumors, Inflammation and Ulceration, Tearing and Displacements, of the Uterus, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Lencorhrea than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it is in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feelings, instability, flatulence, melancholy, the blues, and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some arrangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health" by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it.

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of either sex the Vegetable Compound is unequalled.

Lyd E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lyd E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is unequalled. It is a positive cure for all those painful

Aliments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian Tumors, Inflammation and Ulceration, Tearing and Displacements, of the Uterus, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Lencorhrea than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it is in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feelings, instability, flatulence, melancholy, the blues, and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some arrangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health" by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it.

Lyd E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lyd E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is unequalled. It is a positive cure for all those painful

Aliments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian Tumors, Inflammation and Ulceration, Tearing and Displacements, of the Uterus, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Lencorhrea than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it is in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity